# **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the readers of Mount Wellington Licensing Trust and group's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Mount Wellington Licensing Trust (the Trust) and group. The Auditor-General has appointed me, David Walker, using the staff and resources of Audit New Zealand, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Trust and group, on her behalf.

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Trust and group on pages 3 to 28, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- present fairly, in all material respects, the Trust and group's:
  - o financial position as at 31 March 2015; and
  - o financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS).

Our audit was completed on 17 February 2016. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis of our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Trustees and our responsibilities, and we explain our independence.

# **Basis of opinion**

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and carry out our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Material misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts and disclosures that, in our judgement, are likely to influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements. If we had found material misstatements that were not corrected, we would have referred to them in our opinion.

An audit involves carrying out procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including our assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the preparation of the Trust and group's financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust and group's internal control.

An audit also involves evaluating:

- the appropriateness of accounting policies used and whether they have been consistently applied;
- the reasonableness of the significant accounting estimates and judgements made by the Trustees;
- the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We did not examine every transaction, nor do we guarantee complete accuracy of the financial statements. Also we did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

We believe we have obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Responsibilities of the Trustees

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements for the Trust and group, in accordance with NZ IFRS.

The Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.

The Trustees are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Trustees are also responsible for the publication of the financial statements, whether in printed or electronic form.

# Responsibilities of the Auditor

We are responsible for expressing an independent opinion on the financial statements and reporting that opinion to you based on our audit.

Our responsibility arises from section 15 of the Public Audit Act 2001 and the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.

# Independence

When carrying out the audit, we followed the independence requirements of the Auditor-General, which incorporate the independence requirements of the External Reporting Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the Trust or any of its subsidiaries.

David Walker

**Audit New Zealand** 

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Auckland, New Zealand

# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST

# CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

# FOR YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST

# ORGANISATION PARTICULARS

# **AS AT 31 MARCH 2015**

# **DIRECTORY**

Nature of Business:

**Investment Organisation** 

Registered Office:

Room 701

Waipuna Hotel & Conference Centre

58 Waipuna Road MT WELLINGTON

Date of Incorporation:

Not applicable as created under statute

Trustees:

Mr A Verrall (President)

(all Trustees were re-elected in October 2013)

Ms L Boyle Ms M de Kort Ms D Eggers Mr M Murray

Ms J Salesa

Bankers:

Not applicable

Solicitors:

DG Law

P O Box 14081 Panmure

AUCKLAND

Auditors:

Audit New Zealand

On behalf of the Auditor General

P O Box 1165 **AUCKLAND** 

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# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST AND GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

		Trust 2015	Trust 2014	Group 2015	Group 2014
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE					-
Accomodation	2	0	0	5,451,288	5,064,549
Food & beverages	3	0	0	9,075,228	9,021,694
Gaming income		0	0	2,038,503	2,056,427
Other Income	4	0	0	264,523	281,202
Fair value adjustment on related party loans	5	133,828	121,245	0	0
Finance income	5	41,119	44,550	0	0
TOTAL REVENUE		174,947	165,795	16,829,542	16,423,872
LESS EXPENSES					
Cost of Sales	6	0	0	2,724,230	2,713,041
Employee benefit expenses	7	0	0	6,466,853	6,060,889
Depreciation and amortisation	14, 15	0	0	940,659	941,095
Revaluation decrement		0	0	0	0
Grants		0	0	892,259	1,063,643
Other Expenses	8	0	0	4,901,277	4,506,413
Fair value adjustment on related party loans	9	45,386	41,119	0	0
Finance costs	9	141,173	112,242	975,565	638,050
TOTAL EXPENSES		186,559	153,361	16,900,843	15,923,131
NET OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE TAX	ATION	(11,612)	12,434	(71,301)	500,741
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	10	0	0	22,931	(171,307)
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER TAXATION	N	(11,612)	12,434	(48,370)	329,434
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Gains from adjustment for change in tax rate on revaluation re	es 10	0	0	0	0
Revaluation gain	20	0	0	0	0
Tax on asset revaluations	10	0	0	0	0
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		0	0	0	0
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AFTER TAX		(11,612)	12,434	(48,370)	329,434

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

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# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST AND GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015	Note	Trust 2015	Trust 2014	Group 2015 \$	Group 2014 \$
EQUITY AT 1 APRIL		12,451,889	12,439,455	18,724,530	18,395,096
Total comprehensive income after taxation		(11,612)	12,434	(48,370)	329,434
EQUITY AT 31 MARCH		12,440,277	12,451,889	18,676,160	18,724,530

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$ 

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# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST AND GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2015

Note   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S			Trust	Trust	Group	Group
CURRENT ASSETS			2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents         11         0         0         988,673         939,678           Trade and other receivables         12         0         0         1,197,440         1,221,933         351,1833         351,8183         351,8183         351,8183         351,8183         351,8183         351,8183         351,8183         351,51		Note	\$	\$_	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables   12	CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventorices   13	Cash and cash equivalents	11	0	0	988,673	939,678
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Trade and other receivables	12	0	0	1,197,440	1,221,983
NON-CURRENT ASSETS   Property, plant and equipment	Inventories	13	0		331,493	
Property, plant and equipment	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		0	0	2,517,606	2,512,841
Intangible assets	NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Other financial assets         16         14,842,929         14,867,124         0         0           Deferred tax asset         0         0         0         0         0           TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS         14,842,929         14,867,124         36,302,578         36,315,659           TOTAL ASSETS         14,842,929         14,867,124         38,820,184         38,828,500           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         17         0         0         1,499,289         1,357,570           Derivative financial instruments         0         0         0         204,490         141,742           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         245,170         487,644           Borrowings         19         2,402,652         2,415,235         12,000,000         12,250,000           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652	Property, plant and equipment	14	0	0		36,315,089
Deferred tax asset	Intangible assets	15	0	0	89,681	570
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS  14,842,929  14,867,124  36,302,578  36,315,659  TOTAL ASSETS  14,842,929  14,867,124  38,820,184  38,828,500  CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables  17  0  0  1,499,289  1,357,570  204,490  141,742  Employee benefit liabilities  18  0  0  0  204,490  141,742  Employee benefit liabilities  18  0  0  0  222,244  39,286  TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Borrowings  19  2,402,652  2,415,235  12,000,000  12,250,000  Employee benefit liabilities  18  0  0  0  40,792  15,374  Deferred tax liability  10  0  0  5,721,039  5,812,354  TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  2,402,652  2,415,235  17,761,831  18,077,728  TOTAL LIABILITIES  2,402,652  2,415,235  17,761,831  18,077,728  TOTAL LIABILITIES  2,402,652  2,415,235  20,144,024  20,103,970  EQUITY  Retained earnings  20  12,440,277  12,451,889  9,299,109  9,347,479  Other reserves  20  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	Other financial assets	16	14,842,929	14,867,124		0
TOTAL ASSETS         14,842,929         14,867,124         38,820,184         38,828,500           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         17         0         0         1,499,289         1,357,570           Derivative financial instruments         0         0         0         204,490         141,742           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         456,170         487,644           Borrowings         19         0         0         222,244         39,286           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         0         0         2,382,193         2,026,242           NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           CUITY         20         0 </td <td>Deferred tax asset</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td>	Deferred tax asset					0
CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         17         0         0         1,499,289         1,357,570           Derivative financial instruments         0         0         0         204,490         141,742           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         456,170         487,644           Borrowings         19         0         0         222,244         39,286           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         0         0         2,382,193         2,026,242           NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         0	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		14,842,929	14,867,124	36,302,578	36,315,659
Trade and other payables         17         0         0         1,499,289         1,357,570           Derivative financial instruments         0         0         204,490         141,742           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         456,170         487,644           Borrowings         19         0         0         222,244         39,286           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         0         0         2,382,193         2,026,242           NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital	TOTAL ASSETS		14,842,929	14,867,124	38,820,184	38,828,500
Derivative financial instruments	CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Employee benefit liabilities	Trade and other payables	17	0	0	1,499,289	1,357,570
19   0   0   222,244   39,286	Derivative financial instruments		0	0	204,490	141,742
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         0         0         2,382,193         2,026,242           NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         Borrowings         19         2,402,652         2,415,235         12,000,000         12,250,000           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0         0	Employee benefit liabilities	18	0	0	456,170	487,644
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES           Borrowings         19         2,402,652         2,415,235         12,000,000         12,250,000           Employee benefit liabilities         18         0         0         40,792         15,374           Deferred tax liability         10         0         0         5,721,039         5,812,354           TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0         0	Borrowings	19	0	0	222,244	39,286
Borrowings	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		0	0	2,382,193	2,026,242
Employee benefit liabilities   18	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax liability	Вопоwings	19	2,402,652	2,415,235	12,000,000	12,250,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         17,761,831         18,077,728           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0	Employee benefit liabilities	18	0	0	40,792	15,374
TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,402,652         2,415,235         20,144,024         20,103,970           NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0	Deferred tax liability	10	0		5,721,039	5,812,354
NET ASSETS         12,440,277         12,451,889         18,676,160         18,724,530           EQUITY         Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,402,652	2,415,235	17,761,831	18,077,728
EQUITY Retained earnings 20 12,440,277 12,451,889 9,299,109 9,347,479 Other reserves 20 0 0 0 9,377,051 9,377,051 Paid up Capital 0 0 0 0	TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,402,652	2,415,235	20,144,024	20,103,970
Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0	NET ASSETS		12,440,277	12,451,889	18,676,160	18,724,530
Retained earnings         20         12,440,277         12,451,889         9,299,109         9,347,479           Other reserves         20         0         0         9,377,051         9,377,051           Paid up Capital         0         0         0         0         0	EOUITY					
Other reserves       20       0       0       9,377,051       9,377,051         Paid up Capital       0       0       0       0       0		20	12,440,277	12,451,889	9,299,109	9,347,479
Paid up Capital 0 0 0						
TOTAL EQUITY 12,440,277 12,451,889 18,676,160 18,724,530		-*		0		0
	TOTAL EQUITY		12,440,277	12,451,889	18,676,160	18,724,530

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Leila June Boyle 17-Feb-16 ALAN BRUCE VERRALL 17 FEB - 2016

# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST AND GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015	<b>N</b> T .	Trust 2015	Trust 2014	Group 2015	Group 2014
CACH ELOWG EROM OPED ATING A CTIVITIES	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		0	0	17 112 525	16 506 400
Receipts from accomodation, food & beverage Interest received		0	0	17,113,525 26,298	16,596,400 36,890
Dividends received		0	0	1,005	990
		0	0	(15,117,024)	(14,816,942)
Payments to suppliers and employees		0	0	(13,117,024)	(906,387)
Interest paid Goods and services tax (net)		0	0	3,069	(906,387)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	21	0		1,114,056	926,768
NET CASH FROM OFERATING ACTIVITIES	21			=======================================	920,708
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Inflow arising from change in composition of group				0	0
Proceeds from sale of assets				0	0
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		0	0	(929,634)	(1,010,894)
Purchase of intangible software		0	0	(929,034)	(1,010,094)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			- 0	(929,634)	(1,010,894)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				(929,034)	(1,010,694)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from borrowings		0	0	0	0
Repayment of borrowings		0	0	(289,288)	(178,571)
Income tax paid		0	0	(68,383)	(155,232)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		0	0	0	0
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		0	0	(357,671)	(333,803)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		0	0	(173,249)	(417,929)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	11	0	0	939,678	1,357,607
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF TH	11	0	0	766,429	939,678

Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the end of the year is the net of bank overdraft (note 19) and cash at bank and in hand (note 11).

The GST (net) component of operating activities reflects the net GST paid and received with the Inland Revenue Department. The GST (net) component has been presented on a net basis, as the gross amounts do not provide meaningful information for financial statement purposes.

During the period, MWLT group acquired property, plant and equipment totalling \$0 (2014: \$0) by means of finance leases.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

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# MOUNT WELLINGTON LICENSING TRUST AND GROUP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### REPORTING ENTITY

Mount Wellington Licensing Trust (MWLT) is a licensing trust operating under the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.

The MWLT group comprises the following entities:

- Mount Wellington Licensing Trust (MWLT, the Trust)
- Mt Wellington Trust Hotels Limited (MWTHL)
- Keri Corporation Limited (Keri)
- Mt Wellington Charitable Trust (MWCT)
- Mt Wellington Foundation Limited (MWFL)

The group is primarily involved in hospitality, conferencing, accommodation and gaming activities within the Mt Wellington area. These activities are conducted through its subsidiary companies with the intention of making a profit to enable distribution of available funds to community groups within the local area. MWLT has therefore designated itself as a profit oriented entity for the purposes of New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS).

The financial statements of MWLT, and the group, are for the year ended 31 March 2015. The cut off date is the Sunday closest to year end. For the 2015 accounts this date is 29 March 2015 (2014 accounts were to 30 March 2014).

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Trustees on 17th February 2016.

# BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements of MWLT have been prepared in accordance with NZ GAAP. They comply with NZ IFRS, and other Financial Reporting Standards, as appropriate for profit oriented entities.

#### Measurement base

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis modified by the revaluation of property, plant and equipment and the measurement of derivative financial instruments and interest free related party loans at fair value.

# Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar. The functional currency of MWLT is New Zealand dollars.

#### Changes in accounting policy

There were no changes in accounting policies during the year.

# Standards, amendments and interpretations issued that are not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted and which are relevant to MWLT and group include:

NZ IFRS 9 Financial Instruments will eventually replace NZ IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. NZ IAS 39 is being replaced through the following 3 main phases: Phase 1 Classification and Measurement, Phase 2 Impairment Methodology, and Phase 3 Hedge Accounting. Phase 1 on the classification and measurement of financial assets has been completed and has been published in the new financial instrument standard NZ IFRS 9. NZ IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortised cost or fair value, replacing the many different rules in NZ IAS 39. The approach in NZ IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments (its business model) and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the many different impairment methods in NZ IAS 39. The new standard is required to be adopted for the year ended 31 March 2017. MWLT has not yet assessed the impact of the new standard and expects it will not be early adopted.

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#### SPECIFIC ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of consolidation

The purchase method is used to prepare the consolidated financial statements, which involves adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses on a line-by-line basis. All significant intergroup balances, transactions, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

MWLT's investment in its subsidiaries are carried at cost in MWLT's own "parent entity" financial statements.

Other financial assets, including investments in subsidiaries, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the assets carrying amount exceeds it recoverable amount. The impairment will be recognised in the surplus / deficit for the year. Where the assets' recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount the impairment losses previously recognised through the surplus / deficit may be reinstated to the higher of the assets' cost or recoverable amount.

#### Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at balance date, based on the actual service provided as a percentage of the total services to be provided.

Sales of goods are recognised when a product is sold to the customer. Sales are usually in cash, credit card or credit. The recorded revenue is the gross amount of the sale, including credit card fees payable for the transaction. Such fees are included in other expenses.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Lease receipts under an operating sub-lease are recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

# Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the MWLT group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the effective interest method.

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#### Inventories

Inventories held for sale or use in the production of goods and services on a commercial basis are valued at the lower cost and net realisable value. The cost of purchased inventory is determined using the FIFO method.

#### Financial Assets

The MWLT group classifies its financial assets into the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and financial assets at fair value through equity. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs unless they are carried at fair value through profit or less in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the surplus or deficit

The four categories of financial assets are:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

After initial recognition they are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses on re-measurement are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Derivatives disclosed as financial instruments by MWTHL are deemed to be held for trading.

#### Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the surplus of deficit. Loans and receivables are classified as "trade and other receivables" in the statement of financial position.

Currently, the MWLT group does not hold any financial assets in this category.

At each balance date the MWLT group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Any impairment losses are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

# Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of land, buildings, plant and equipment, furniture and motor vehicles. The MWLT group has a number of tenanted areas which are held to meet future plans for owneroccupied use. The current tenancy arrangements are incidental to this longer term goal and hence the properties are classified as property, plant and equipment rather than investment property.

# Additions

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the MWLT group and the cost of the items can be measured reliably.

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In most instances, an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised at its cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

#### Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposals are included in the surplus or deficit When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

#### Subsequent costs

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the MWLT group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The costs of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the surplus or deficit as they are incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis on all property, plant and equipment other than land, at rates that will write off the cost (or valuation) of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation rate	(%)
Buildings - Structural	1	to 4
Buildings - Inner Fixtures	2	
Buildings - Internal Joinery Fittings	2	
Buildings - Floor Coverings and Chattels	3	
Buildings - Plumbing services	2	
Buildings - Mechanical Services	5	to 7
Buildings - Fire Services	2	
Buildings - Electrical Services	3	
Buildings - Electronic & Computer Services	3	
Buildings - Lift & Escalator Services	5	
Buildings - Other Amenities & Services	3	
Kitchen & Gym Equipment and General Effects	7	to 10
Furniture & Office Equipment	7	to 20
Carpets & Floor Coverings	8	
Motor Vehicles	20	

The residual value and useful life of an asset is reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each financial year-end.

#### Revaluations

Operational land, buildings, plant and equipment are revalued on a three yearly cycle. All other assets are carried at depreciated historical cost.

Revalued assets are disclosed at fair value as determined from market-based evidence by an independent valuer.

The carrying values of revalued items are reviewed at each balance date to ensure that they are not materially different to fair value.

#### Accounting for revaluations

The results of revaluing are credited or debited to an asset revaluation reserve for that asset. Where this results in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is expensed in the surplus or deficit. Any subsequent increase on revaluation that off-sets a previous decrease in value recognised in the surplus or deficit will be recognised first in the surplus or deficit up to the amount previously expensed, and then credited to the revaluation reserve for that asset.

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#### Intangible assets

Software acquisition and development

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

#### Amortisation

The carrying value of a intangible asset with a finite life is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Amortisation begins when the asset is available for use and ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The useful lives and associated amortisation rates of major classes of intangible assets have been estimated as follows:

> Useful life 5 years

Amortisation rate

Computer software:

**Employment Benefits** 

Short-term benefits

Employee benefits that the MWLT group expects to be settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, but not yet taken at balance date and long service leave entitlements accrued by having reached a particular threshold.

Long service leave and retirement leave

Entitlements that are payable beyond 12 months, such as long service leave and retiring leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlements information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows. A discount rate of 4.67%, and an inflation factor of 2.0% were used. The discount rate is based on the weighted average of Government interest rates for stock with terms to maturity similar to those of the relevant liabilities. The inflation factor is based on the expected long-term increase in remuneration for employees.

# Creditors and other payables

Creditors and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised and expensed over the useful life of the asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless MWLT has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

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#### **Equity**

Equity is the MWLT's interest in the MWLT group and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into a number of reserves.

The components of equity are:

- · Retained earnings
- · Asset revaluation reserves
- · Deferred tax reserves
- · Share capital

#### Goods and Services Tax (GST)

All items in the financial statements are stated exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are stated on a GST inclusive basis. Where GST is not recoverable as input tax then it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Inland Revenue Department (IRD) is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

The net GST paid to, or received from the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as an operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### **Income Tax**

Income tax expense in relation to the surplus or deficit for the period comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable based on the taxable profit for the current year, plus any adjustments to income tax payable in respect of prior years. Current tax is calculated using rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by balance date.

Deferred tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in future periods in respect of temporary differences and unused tax losses. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination, and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by balance date.

Current tax and deferred tax is charged or credited to the surplus or deficit except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the tax is dealt with in equity.

# Leases

# Finance Leases

A finance lease is a lease that transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred.

At the commencement of the lease term, the MWLT group recognises finance leases as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased item or the present value of the minimum lease payments.

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The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no certainty as to whether the MWLT group will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

#### Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, MWLT has made estimates and assumptions concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### Property revaluations

Note 14 provides information about the estimates and assumptions exercised in the measurement of revalued property, plant and equipment.

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2.	Accommodation revenue			Group 2015	Grou 201
			•	2013	201
	Non-tour			3,411,186	2,905,10
	Conference			1,346,584	1,481,34
	Tour		-	693,518	678,09
			=	5,451,288	5,064,54
3.	Food and Beverage revenue			Group	Grou
				2015	201
	Food			5,399,351	5,198,34
	Beverage			1,997,737	2,212,15
	Conference room & equipment hire		2	1,678,140 9,075,228	1,611,19 9,021,69
4.	Other income			Group	Grou
				2015	201
	Finance & administration recoveries			0	
	Machine site rental			0	20 55
	Interest received Gain on sale of property, plant & equipment			27,433 4,000	28,55 9,95
	Income from other sources			233,089	242,69
	neone non one source		=	264,522	281,20
_	Et				
5.	Finance income	Trust 2015	Trust 2014	Group 2015	Grou 201
	Fair value adjustment on related party loans	133,828	121,245	0	
	Unwinding of interest on related party loans	41,119	38,066	0	
	Write-up of Investment in Keri Corporation	0	6,484	0	
	•	174,947	165,795	0	
_					-
6.	Cost of sales			Group 2015	Grou 201
	Food			1,592,011	1,490,64
	Beverages			633,793	715,27
	Other cost of sales			498,429	507,12
				2,724,233	2,713,04
_	Employee house				G
7.	Employee benefit expenses		_	Group 2015	Grou 201
	Salaries and wages			6,472,907	6,103,06
	Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit liabilities			(6,055)	(42,179
			=	6,466,852	6,060,88

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8.	Other expenses			Group 2015	Group 2014
	Fees to principal auditor:-			2013	2014
	Audit fees for financial statement audit			128,300	125,060
	Operating lease expense MWTH			393,977	264,010
	Donations MWCT			169,084	45,333
	Trustee expenses MWFL			41,458	40,489
	Gaming machine duty MWFL			468,796	472,978
	Other operating expenses			3,699,662	3,558,543
				4,901,277	4,506,413
9.	Finance costs	Trust	Touch	Canan	Canan
у.	r mance costs		Trust	Group	Group
	·	2015	2014	2015	2014
	Interest on bank borrowings	0	0	912,817	906,387
	Feasibility and consulting costs	0	0	0	12,740
	Loss on held for trading financial instruments	0	0	62,747	(281,077)
	Fair value adjustment on related party loans	45,386	41,119	0	0
	Unwinding of interest on related party loans	121,245	112,242	0	0
	Impairment of Investment in Keri Corporation	19,928	0	0	0
	-	186,559	153,361	975,564	638,050
					<del></del>
10.	Income tax	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Components of income tax expense				
	Current tax expense	0	0	82,868	155,232
	Adjustments to current tax in prior years	0	0	(14,485)	0
	Deferred tax expense	0	0	(91,314)	16,075
		0	0	(22,931)	171,307
	Relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Net operating surplus/(deficit) before tax	(11,612)	12,435	(71,304)	500,741
	Tax at 28%	(3,251)	3,482	(19,965)	140,207
	Non-deductible revenue / expenditure	3,251	(3,482)	39,534	3,693
	Prior period adjustment	0	0	(14,485)	0
	Permanent differences	0	0	0	13,960
	Deferred tax on change in tax rate	0	0	0	0
	Deferred tax on change in tax legislation for depreciation on building	0	0	0	0
	Tax loss not recognised	0	0	(28,015)	13,447
	Deferred tax on parent tax losses	0	0	0	0
	Group loss offset	0	0	0	0
	Income tax expense	(0)	(0)	(22,931)	171,307
	=				

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# Deferred tax assets/liabilities - Group

	Property plant and equipment	Employee entitlements	Derivatives	Other provisions	Group tax losses	Total
Balance at 1 April 2013	(6,037,903)	116,201	118,389	7,035	0	(5,796,278)
Charged to income Charged to other comprehensive income	76,475 0 0	,	(78,701) 0	(4,039) 0	0	(16,075) 0
Balance at 31 March 2014	(5,961,428)	106,391	39,688	2,996	0	(5,812,353)
Charged to income Charged to other comprehensive income	68,456		17,569 0	3,546 0	0	91,314 0
Balance at 31 March 2015	(5,892,972)	108,134	57,257	6,542	0	(5,721,039)
11. Cash and cash equivalents					Group 2015	Group 2014
Cash at bank and in hand					988,673	939,678
Bank overdraft (note 19)					(222,244)	0
Cash & cash equivalents in statemen	t of cash flows				766,429	939,678
The carrying value of short-term dep their fair value.	osits with matur	ity dates of thr	ee months or le	ss approximates		
12. Trade and other receivables				_	Group 2015	Group 2014
Trade receivables Related party receivables Sundry debtors Prepayments				_	1,065,796 0 12,792 118,853 1,197,441	1,000,338 0 17,048 204,596
Less provision for impairment of rece	eivables			0==	1,197,441	1,221,982 0 1,221,982
Receivables aging				<u>-</u>	Group Actual 2015	Group Actual 2014
Not past due Past due 1-30 days					998,340	1,089,507

The carrying value of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to receivables outside the group, as the group has a large number of customers.

There are no amounts in trade receivables that are in excess of 180 days.

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13. Inventories	Group	Group
	2015	2014
Food stock	72,243	79,327
Beverage stock	77,505	85,479
Other	181,745	186,374
	331,493	351,180

Inventory is for commercial use and is consumable, not secured and not impaired.

# 14. Property, plant and equipment - group only

2015

	Land	Buildings	Leasehold furniture & fittings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & fittings	Work in progress	Total
Opening cost /valuation	10,600,000	23,003,580	9,673	1,836,569	2,578,149	3,227	38,031,198
Opening accum depreciation	0	(571,324)	(9,673)	(742,995)	(392,117)	0	(1,716,109)
Opening book value	10,600,000	22,432,256	0	1,093,574	2,186,032	3,227	36,315,089
Additions Disposals Depreciation expense Depreciation written back Impairment charges Revaluation	0 0 0 0 0	341,693 0 (534,257) 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	170,934 (68,119) (211,856) 63,466 0	201,414 (263,410) (185,977) 263,148 0	124,000 (3,227) 0 0 0	838,041 (334,756) (932,090) 326,614 0
Closing cost /valuation	10,600,000	23,345,273	9,673	1,939,384	2,516,153	124,000	38,534,483
Closing accum depreciatio	0	(1,105,581)	(9,673)	(891,385)	(314,946) 0	0	(2,321,585)
Closing book value	10,600,000	22,239,692	0	1,047,999	2,201,207	124,000	36,212,898

2014

	Land	Buildings	Leasehold furniture & fittings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & fittings	Work in progress	Total
Opening cost /valuation	10,600,000	22,583,758	9,673	1,640,130	2,250,125	46,862	37,130,548
Opening accum depreciation	0	(44,616)	(9,673)	(614,399)	(173,323)	0	(842,011)
Opening book value	10,600,000	22,539,142	0	1,025,731	2,076,802	46,862	36,288,537
Additions	0	419,822	0	259,821	328,024	3,227	1,010,894
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	(46,862)	(46,862)
Depreciation expense	0	(526,708)	0	(191,978)	(218,794)	0	(937,480)
Impairment charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Closing cost /valuation	10,600,000	23,003,580	9,673	1,836,569	2,578,149	3,227	38,031,198
Closing accum depreciatio	0	(571,324)	(9,673)	(742,995)	(392,117)	0	(1,716,109)
Closing book value	10,600,000	22,432,256	0	1,093,574	2,186,032	3,227	36,315,089

# Land and buildings carried at fair value

An independent valuation of the land and buildings was performed by Bower Valuations Limited, registered independent valuers, as at 31 March 2013. This valuation for the Waipuna Hotel & Conference Centre was completed using the discounted cash flow of rental income over a five year time horizon. The valuation for the Panmure Historic Hotel was done using a direct or simple rental income capitalisation. These methodologies are acceptable estimates of fair value because similar businesses are traded at reasonably frequent intervals.

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# Property, plant and equipment carried at fair value

An independent valuation of the property, plant and equipment was performed by Bower Valuations Limited, as at 31 March 2013. This valuation was undertaken on all property, plant and equipment used in the delivery of accommodation and hospitality services provided by MWTHL.

The total fair value of property, plant and equipment valued by Bower Valuations Limited as at 31 March 2013 was \$35.97M Discounted cash flows are determined using a number of significant assumptions. Significant assumptions include:

- \* Estimating the appropriate discount and capitalisation rates
- \* Estimating the trading performance over the coming 5 years based on historic trends

15. Intangible assets - group only			Group	Group
			2015	2014
Computer software				
Opening cost			78,133	78,133
Opening accum amortisation			(77,563)	(73,947)
Opening book value			570	4,186
Additions			97,681	0
Disposals			0	0
Amortisation expense			(8,570)	(3,616)
Impairment expense			0	0
Closing cost			175,814	78,133
Closing accum amortisation			(86,133)	(77,563)
Closing book value			89,681	570
16. Other financial assets	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Investment in MWTHL				
- ordinary shares	12,000,000	12,000,000	0	0
- redeemable preference shares	2,000,000	2,000,000	0	0
Investment in KERI	28,097	48,025	0	0
Loan to MWTHL (Note 27)	672,746	676,269	0	0
Loan to KERI (Note 27)	142,086	142,830	0	0
	14,842,929	14,867,124	0	0

# MWLT has made an interest free loan to MWTHL with a face value of \$710,218 (2014: \$710,218) that is secured over the Waipuna Hotel and Conference Centre. The loan is supported by a certificate of indebtedness stating the loan is repayable on demand, but subject to MWTHL's first mortgagor's consent. At 31 March 2015 the on demand conditions have been waived by the lender for a period of 12 months.

The MWLT loan to MWTHL has been discounted for a 12 month period which is the earliest possible repayment term. The fair value of the loan as at 31 March 2015 is \$672,746 (2014: \$676,269).

MWLT has made an interest free loan to KERI with a face value of \$150,000 that is unsecured. The loan is supported by a certificate of indebtedness stating the loan is repayable on demand. At 31 March 2015 the on demand conditions have been waived by the lender for a period of 12 months.

The MWLT loan to KERI has been discounted for a 12 month period which is the earliest possible repayment term. The fair value of the loan as at 31 March 2015 is \$142,086 (2014: \$142,830).

The investment in KERI has been discounted to the net equity value recognised in the KERI audited accounts.

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17. Trade and other payables			Group	Group
			2015	2014
Trade payables			754,270	649,668
Deposits and bonds			62,720	48,030
Accrued expenses			709,432	603,712
Income tax payable			(27,133)	56,159
			, , ,	,
			1,499,289	1,357,569
Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and a	are normally settled on 30-day	y terms,		
therefore the carrying value of trade and other payables	approximates their fair value	ð.		
18. Employee benefit liabilities			Group	Group
			2015	2014
Current				
Accrued pay			110,771	123,050
Annual leave			317,358	345,409
Long service leave			28,042	19,186
Non current				
Long service leave			40,792	15,373
			496,963	503,018
19. Borrowings	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current	-			
Bank overdraft	0	0	222,244	0
Finance leases	0	0	0	0
Secured loans	0	0	0	39,286
Secured bonds	0	0	0	0
Total current borrowings	0	0	222,244	39,286
Non Current				
Finance leases	0	0	0	0
Secured loans	0	0	12,000,000	12,250,000
Secured bonds	0	0	0	0
Secured related party loans (Note 27)	0	0	0	0
Unsecured related party loans (Note 27)	2,402,652	2,415,235	0	0
• • • •				
	2,402,652	2,415,235	12,000,000	12,250,000

The majority of the MWLT group's borrowings are through MWTHL. The relevant company has been detailed as part of the explanation for each loan.

# Bank facility

 $MWTHL \ has \ a \ banking \ arrangement \ with \ ASB \ Bank \ with \ a \ total \ available \ loan \ facility \ of \$13,000,000$ secured over land and land improvements.

At balance date \$12,000,000 had been drawn on the facility with a combination of fixed and floating elements. There are no repayments required under the loan facility although MWTHL continues to budget repayments where cash flows allow.

The total loan is due to be repaid in September 2016, although the terms under which the loan was signed state that the loan will be reviewed annually in order to maintain a maturity profile of 2 years.

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The MWTHL loan with ASB has three reporting covenants and two financial covenants. The reporting covenants include the quarterly provision of signed Directors' Certificates, the annual provision of company budgets and the annual provision of audited accounts. The financial covenants are the maintenance of a loan to valuation ratio not exceeding 50% and an interest coverage ratio (interest expense to EBITDA) of greater than or equal to 2.00 times.

# Floating rate debt

The floating interest rate is set quarterly at the lenders corporate indicator rate +1.89% (2014: +1.89%) except where MWTHL and the lender agree to a fixed term interest rate. During the year the floating debt was converted in to a combination of fixed and floating debt.

Principal amount	Interest rate	<b>Maturity</b>
\$500,000	5.57%	21-Jun-15

#### Fixed rate debt

Interest expense is a potential area of risk and is actively managed by MWTHL. During the year swaps held were reviewed and extended to take advantage of the lower rates available.

Principal amount	Interest rate	<u>Maturity</u>	Notes
\$3,000,000	5.91%	Jun 2018	This swap was renewed during the year.
\$2,500,000	5.84%	Mar 2018	This swap was extended to utilise lower interest rates.
\$6,000,000	6.19%	Mar 2019	This swap was extended to utilise lower interest rates.

#### Interest free debt

- # MWTHL had an interest free loan from NZ Breweries which was fully repaid during the year (2014 \$39,286). The loan was secured under a "solus" agreement which binds MWTHL to a supply agreement exclusively with NZ Breweries. The solus agreement remains in place on a fixed term for the Panmure Tavern (expiring in October 2017). Waipuna is on a volume basis.
- # MWLT has an interest free loan from MWCT with a face value of \$2,536,480 (2014: \$2,536,480) which is unsecured. The loan is supported by a Deed of Acknowledgement of Debt stating the loan is repayable on demand. At 31 March 2015 the on demand conditions have been waived by the lender for a period of 12 months.

The MWCT loan to MWLT has been discounted for a 12 month period which is the earliest possible repayment term. The fair value of the loan as at 31 March 2015 is \$2,402,652 (2014: \$2,415,235).

## Security

Security for all secured loans is by mortgage over the Waipuna Hotel and Conference Centre and the Panmure Tavern.

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20. Equity	Trust 2015	Trust 2014	Group 2015	Group 2014
Retained earnings				
Opening balance	12,451,889	12,439,455	9,347,477	9,018,043
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(11,612)	12,434	(48,373)	329,434
Other adjustments to equity	0	0	0	0
Deferred tax gains / (losses) taken to reserves	0	0	0	0
Less revaluation loss taken to equity	0	0	0	0
Closing balance	12,440,277	12,451,889	9,299,104	9,347,477
Reserves				
Revaluation Reserve				
Opening balance	0	0	10,359,793	10,359,793
Asset revaluation movement	0	0	0	0
Charged to equity	0	0	0	0
Closing balance	0	0	10,359,793	10,359,793
Deferred Tax Reserve				
Opening balance	0	0	(982,742)	(982,742)
Charged to profit and loss	0	0	0	0
Charged to equity	0	0	0	0
Deferred tax gains / (losses) taken to reserves	0	0	0	0
Closing balance	0	0	(982,742)	(982,742)
Total Reserves				
Opening balance	0	0	9,377,051	9,377,051
Asset revaluation movement	0	0	0	0
Charged to equity	0	0	0	0
Effect on deferred tax for movement in revaluation reserve	0	0	0	0
Deferred tax gains / (losses) taken to reserves	0	0	0	0
Closing balance	0	0	9,377,051	9,377,051
As at 31st March	0	0	9,377,051	9,377,051
Total closing equity	12,440,277	12,451,889	18,676,155	18,724,528

#### Reserves

The revaluation reserves allows the asset base to be reflected at fair value. Revaluations are performed three yearly and the next valuation is due in 2016/17.

The deferred tax reserve recognises the difference in the carrying value of the company's assets and the equivalent tax carrying value.

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#### **Subsidiaries**

MWTHL is a 100% owned subsidiary of MWLT and was incorporated on the 11th of November 1988. The company was incorporated with 12,000,000 ordinary shares and 2,000,000 redeemable preference shares. All 14,000,000 shares are fully paid as at 31 March 2015.

KERI is a 100% owned subsidiary of MWLT and was incorporated on the 10th of July 1984. MWLT purchased 100,000 ordinary shares for the company on the 16th of August 2005. The shares were purchased for \$171,787. All 100,000 ordinary shares are fully paid as at 31 March 2015.

MWCT is a Charitable Trust that is deemed to be controlled by MWLT under NZ IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements.

MWFL is a 100% owned subsidiary of MWCT and was incorporated on 8 April 2008. The company was incorporated with 10,000 ordinary shares; all fully paid as at 31 March 2015.

# 21. Reconciliation of net surplus / (deficit) before tax to net cash flow from operating activities

	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Surplus/(deficit) before tax	0	0	(71,301)	500,741
Add/(less) non-cash items:				
Depreciation and amortisation	0	0	940,659	941,095
Loss/(gain) on sale of assets	0	0	(4,000)	(9,950)
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	62,747	(281,077)
Discounted interest free loan	0	0	0	0
Revaluation decrement	0	0	0	0
Add/(less) items classified as investing or financing activities:				
Repayment of finance leases	0	0	0	0
Add/(Less) movements in working capital items:				
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	0	0	(73,617)	(166,477)
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	0	0	19,687	(62,277)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0	0	149,291	138,892
Increase/(Decrease) in Interest Payable	0	0	0	0
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepayments	0	0	85,743	(106,951)
Increase/(Decrease) in GST Payable	0	0	4,847	(27,229)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	0	0	1,114,056	926,767

# 22. Related party transactions

Transactions between the group entities have been eliminated on consolidation but are summarised for purposes of disclosure within the group.

# Gaming activities

MWFL paid the following amounts to companies within the MWLT group	Group 2015	Group 2014
Gaming machine site rental paid to MWTHL	117,411	115,445
Gaming machine site rental paid to Keri	119,702	121,263
	237.113	236.708

The amounts paid for site rental are restricted by Department of Internal Affairs regulations which include formal contracts and regular reviews. There was nil outstanding at year end (2014: nil).

#### Subsidiary transactions and balances

Keri paid rental income to MWTHL of \$82,680 (2014: \$82,680).

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MWFL reimbursed MWTH for Directors' expenses and remuneration paid to Directors of MWFL \$41,458 (2014: \$40,489).

The net amount transacted in the year from MWTHL to Keri was \$200,815 loss to Keri (2014: \$171,393 loss). There was a payable at year end from Keri to MWTHL of \$19,489 (2014: \$11,938).

A charitable donation was made from MWTHL to MWCT of \$150,000 (2014: \$100,000). There are no formal arrangements in place for charitable donations to be made on a regular basis.

The audit fees for MWLT were recognised in the accounts for MWTHL for \$11,000 (2014:\$11,000). Because the amount is immaterial it was decided not to adjust the intercompany loan between MWLT and MWTHL.

#### Keri losses

MWTHL purchased tax losses from Keri to March 2014 by agreed subvention payment for \$184,759 (2014: \$191,472). A further subvention payment is expected for the March 2015 year for \$204,899. MWTHL has not accrued this because no formal agreement has been signed.

#### Related party loans

Related party loans are carried at net present value for twelve months.

The discount rate is adjusted annually and is calculated based on the prevailing loan rate, inclusive of any contracted margin charged by the ASB Bank to MWTHL. The rate at 31 March 2015 was 5.57% (2014: 5.02%).

- # MWLT has an interest free loan from the MWCT with a face value of \$2,536,480 (2014: \$2,536,480). Refer note 18 for further details.
- # MWTHL has an interest free loan from the Mt Wellington Charitable Trust (MWCT) with a face value of \$3,914,077 (2014: \$3,914,077) which ranks third and is secured over the Waipuna Hotel and Conference Centre. The loan is supported by a Deed of Acknowledgement of Debt stating the loan is repayable on demand, but subject to the first mortgagor's consent. At 31 March 2015 the on demand conditions have been waived by the lender for a period of 12 months.

The MWCT loan to MWTHL has been discounted for a 12 month period which is the earliest possible repayment term. The fair value of the loan as at 31 March 2015 is \$3,707,566 (2014: \$3,726,982).

- # MWTHL has an interest free loan from MWLT with a face value of \$710,218 (2014: \$710,218)
  Refer note 15 for further details.
- # MWTHL Director Robert Nelson retired from the role of Financial Controller at Auckland Council during the year and Alan Verrall is a Maungakiekie - Tamaki local board member. All transactions throughout the financial year are at an arms length basis. The total amount transacted for the year was \$218,552 (2014: \$254,463) with nil an outstanding liability at year end.
- # MWTHL General Manager is a Director of Mainstay Hotels, which is a related party. The company transacted \$7,011 expenses with Mainstay during the year, and had no outstanding liabilities at year end (2014: \$6,155, \$nil).
- # MWTHL absorbs costs for the MWLT but these are considered to be immaterial. The main cost absorbed was audit fees of \$11,500 (2014: \$11,500).
- KERI has an interest free loan from MWLT with a face value of \$150,000 (2014: \$150,000) Refer note 16 for further details.

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# 23. Key management personnel

MWLT Trustees' fees, paid or due and payable during the year, including \$3,600 paid to the President, (2014: \$3,000). This cost was absorbed by MWTHL.

All MWLT Trustees' fees and expenses were paid through MWTHL.

#### 24. Commitments

	Group	Group
	2015	2014
Total minimum lease payments are payable	-	
Not later than one year	374,555	391,761
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,325,326	1,375,912
Later than five years	1,709,066	2,024,586
	3,408,947	3,792,259

# Leases as Lessor

MWTHL leases out one shop on its property and leases space for gaming machines. The future minimum payments under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	Group	Group
	2015	2014
Present value of minimum lease payments		
Not later than one year	143,300	146,975
Later than one year and not later than five years	0	24,500
Later than five years	0	0
	143,300	171,475

# Capital commitments

The Trust and the Group have no capital commitments (2014: nil).

# 25. Finance leases

MWTHL has entered into finance leases for various items of plant and equipment. The net carrying amount of the leased items is shown as a separate class of asset in note 14.

The finance leases can be renewed at MWTHL's option, with rents set by reference to current market rates for items of equivalent age and condition. MWTH does have the option to purchase the asset at the end of the lease term.

There are no restrictions placed on MWTHL by any of the finance leasing arrangements.

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# 26. Contingencies

MWLT and group has no contingent assets or liabilities (2014: nil).

#### 27. Financial instruments

#### Financial instrument categories

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

	Trust	Trust	Group	Group
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Financial assets				
Loans & receivables				
Cash and cash equivalents	0	0	988,673	939,678
Trade and other receivables	0	0	1,078,269	1,012,375
Other financial assets	814,832	819,099	0	0
	814,832	819,099	2,066,942	1,952,053
Financial liabilities				
Fair value through profit and loss - held for trading				
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	204,490	141,742
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Trade and other payables	0	0	1,406,436	1,102,599
Borrowing	2,402,652	2,415,235	12,222,244	12,289,286
	2,402,652	2,415,235	13,628,680	13,391,885

#### Financial instrument risks

Fair value interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Derivatives, being floating to fixed interest rate swaps issued at fixed rates of interest, expose the MWLT group to fair value interest rate risk.

The group manages this risk by spreading the term of its swaps and seeking options to reduce swap rates where ever possible. A 'blend and extend' mechanism was used to achieve this for two of the larger swaps in the March 2015 year. A portion of the floating debt was also converted to a fixed term swap during the year.

# Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Borrowings issued at variable interest rates expose the group to cash flow risk. Generally, the group raises long-term borrowings at floating rates and swaps them into fixed rates using interest rate swaps in order to manage the cash flow interest rate risk. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings at floating rates into fixed rates that are generally lower than those available if the group borrowed at fixed rates directly. Under the interest rates swaps, the group agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed contract and floating- rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principle amounts.

Sensitivity analysis: As at 31 March 2015, if the 90-day bank bill rate had been 50 basis points higher or lower, with all other variables held constant, the surplus / deficit for the year would have been \$61,250 (2014: \$61,250) lower or higher. This movement is attributable to a continued policy of gradual debt reduction.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will default on its obligation to the group, causing the group to incur a loss. The group's maximum credit risk is to its loans and receivables as described in Financial Instrument Categories earlier in this note.

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The group manages credit risk by carefully monitoring debt collection and credit limits. The group has no collateral or other credit enhancements for financial instruments that give rise to credit risk.

Cash and cash equivalents are currently with counterparties with -AA credit ratings (2014: -AA).

Trade and other receivables mainly arise from the group's trading activities and are usually repaid within 30 days. There are no procedures in place to monitor or report the credit quality of debtors and other receivables with reference to external credit ratings. the group has no significant concentrations of credit risk in relation to trade and other receivables, as it has a large number of credit customers.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will encounter difficulty raising liquid funds to meet commitments as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions, the group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The group manages its borrowing by maintaining a sufficient buffer on its bank lending facility to cover any short term liquidity requirements.

Trust - 2015	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Total carrying amount
Financial Assets						
Loan to MWTHL (Note 16)	0	672,746	0	0	672,746	672,746
Loan to KERI (Note 16)	0	142,086	0	0	142,086	142,086
	0	814,832	0	0	814,832	814,832
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings (Note 19)	0	2,402,652	0	0	2,402,652	2,402,652
	0	2,402,652	0	0	2,402,652	2,402,652
Trust - 2014	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Total carrying amount
Financial Assets						
Loan to MWTHL (Note 16)	0	676,269	0	0	676,269	676,269
Loan to MWTHL (Note 16)  Loan to KERI (Note 16)	0	676,269 142,830	0	0	676,269 142,830	676,269 142,830
				0	•	
	0	142,830	0	0	142,830	142,830
Loan to KERI (Note 16)	0	142,830	0	0	142,830	142,830



Group - 2015	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Total carrying amount
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)	988,673	0	0	0	988,673	988,673
Trade and other receivables (Note 12)	1,078,269	0	0	0	1,078,269	1,078,269
1	2,066,942	0	0	0	2,066,942	2,066,942
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and other payables (Note 17)	1,406,436	0	0	0	1,406,436	1,406,436
Derivative financial instruments	43,950	43,950	80,066	0	167,966	204,490
Borrowings (Note 19)	1,146,807	2,648,808	10,501,074	0	14,296,689	12,222,244
9	2,597,193	2,692,758	10,581,140	0	15,871,091	13,833,170
Group - 2014	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Total carrying amount
Group - 2014 Financial Assets		1-2 years	2-5 years		contractual	carrying
9		<b>1-2 years</b>	2-5 years		contractual	carrying
Financial Assets	year			years	contractual cash flows	carrying amount
Financial Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)	<b>year</b> 939,678	0	0	0 0	contractual cash flows	carrying amount
Financial Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)	939,678 1,012,375	0 0	0 0	0 0	939,678 1,012,375	939,678 1,012,375
Financial Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)  Trade and other receivables (Note 12)	939,678 1,012,375	0 0	0 0	0 0	939,678 1,012,375	939,678 1,012,375
Financial Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11) Trade and other receivables (Note 12)  Financial Liabilities	939,678 1,012,375 1,952,053	0 0	0 0	0 0	939,678 1,012,375	939,678 1,012,375 1,952,053
Financial Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11) Trade and other receivables (Note 12)  Financial Liabilities  Trade and other payables (Note 17)	939,678 1,012,375 1,952,053	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	939,678 1,012,375 1,952,053	939,678 1,012,375 1,952,053

# 28. Capital Management

The MWLT group's capital includes share capital, reserves and retained earnings.

The group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base to retain creditor and bank confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on the shareholder's returns is also recognised, as is the need to maintain a balance between higher returns that might be possible with higher gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a strong capital position.

The group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The allocation of capital between MWLT group's operations and activities is, to a large extent, driven by optimisation of the return achieved on the capital allocated.

There have been no material changes in the group's management of capital during the period.

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# 29. Events after balance date

There were no significant events after the balance sheet date.

# 30. Legislative compliance

Section 334 of the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012 requires financial statements to be prepared within five months of balance date. The financial statements were prepared after the statutory deadline. The same section also requires that the financial statements be publicly notified as soon as practicable after the completion of the audited financial statements. This has not been complied with for the March 2013 and March 2014 financial statements.

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